Zoning Text Amendment No.: 09-07 Concerning: Life Sciences Center (LSC)

Zone - Revisions

Draft No. & Date: 7 - 4/27/10 Introduced: July 28, 2009

Public Hearing: September 15&17, 2009

Adopted: April 27, 2010 Effective: May 17, 2010

COUNTY COUNCIL FOR MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND SITTING AS THE DISTRICT COUNCIL FOR THAT PORTION OF THE MARYLAND-WASHINGTON REGIONAL DISTRICT WITHIN MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND

By: The District Council at the Request of the Planning Board

AN AMENDMENT to the Montgomery County Zoning Ordinance to:

- revise the Life Sciences Center (LSC) Zone to permit mixed-use development under certain circumstances in order to promote the growth and advancement of life sciences and applied technologies, and to establish the use of building lot termination development rights in the LSC Zone; and
- generally amend the provisions of the LSC Zone.

By amending the definitions of the following terms in the Montgomery County Zoning Ordinance, Chapter 59 of the Montgomery County Code:

DIVISION 59-A-2. DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATION.

Section 59-A-2.1. Definitions.

Research, development and related activities;

By amending the following sections to the Montgomery County Zoning Ordinance, Chapter 59 of the Montgomery County Code:

DIVISION 59-C-5. INDUSTRIAL ZONES.

Section 59-C-5.21. Allowable uses.

Section 59-C-5.23. Retail sales and personal services.

Section 59-C-5.3. Development standards.

Section 59-C-5.47. Special regulations LSC zone.

And adding a new Section 59-C-5.478. <u>Definitions</u>

EXPLANATION: Boldface indicates a Heading or a defined term.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates text that is added to existing law by the original text amendment.

[Single boldface brackets] indicate that text is deleted from existing law by original text amendment.

<u>Double underlining</u> indicates text that is added to the text amendment by amendment.

[[Double boldface brackets]] indicate text that is deleted from the text amendment by amendment.

* * * indicates existing law unaffected by the text amendment.

OPINION

Zoning Text Amendment No. 09-07 was introduced on July 28, 2009 at the request of the Planning Board.

Public hearings were held on September 15 and on September 17, 2009. The Planning Board supported ZTA 09-07 as introduced. In the Planning Board's opinion, the revised LSC zone would allow for a live/work community that ensures growth opportunities in the areas of research, medical, and bioscience interests. More land uses were proposed to be allowed in the LSC zone. ZTA 09-07 would increase the allowable FAR from .5 to 2.0. Developers who choose to exceed .5 FAR would be required to purchase Building Lot Termination (BLT) easements.

The vast majority of residents and businesses who testified had concerns about the Great Seneca Science Corridor Sector Plan. The Montgomery County Civic Federation was concerned about the proposed change to the purpose clause of the LSC zone that would delete any reference to the natural environment. Landowners recommended against requiring the purchase of BLT easements and in favor of increased height limits. The text amendment was referred to the Planning, Housing, and Economic Development Committee for review and recommendation.

The Planning, Housing, and Economic Development Committee held worksessions on ZTA 09-07 on September 29, October 5, October 29, and November 9, 2009 and March 15 and April 5, 2010 to review the amendment. Councilmember Andrews also attended most of those sessions.

On April 5, 2010 the Committee recommended approval of ZTA 09-07 with amendments. The Committee was persuaded that the LSC zone gave a marketing advantage to the County and should not be abandoned in favor of a general mixed-use zone. The Committee recommended:

- 1) a definition of life sciences and included the use in appropriate places in the Zoning Ordinance;
- 2) waiting for the Zoning Ordinance Re-write to combine land uses;
- 3) expanding the uses in the LSC zone, with a minimum amount of floor area devoted to life science uses and a maximum amount of floor area devoted to retail and residential uses;

- 4) no changes to the basic BLT easement purchase requirements; however, the Committee would exclude MPDUs, hospitals and their accessory uses, and educational facilities from the BLT requirement;
- 5) clarification of how the design standards would be incorporated into the site plan approval;
- 6) making workforce housing an option and not a requirement; and
- 7) amending the grandfathering provisions to provide for current approvals.

Councilmember Elrich recommended: 1) retaining references to the natural environment in the purpose clause of the LSC zone; 2) limiting the FAR in the LSC zone to 1.5; and 3) requiring a higher minimum percentage of life sciences floor area.

Council President Floreen recommended excluding all life science uses from the requirement to purchase BLT easements.

The Committee considered, but did not recommend, revisions for a number of issues documented in the April 27, 2010 memorandum to the Council.

The District Council reviewed Zoning Text Amendment No. 09-07 and the memorandum provided for that review at a worksession held on April 27, 2010, and agreed with the recommendations of the Planning, Housing, and Economic Development Committee with the following revisions:

- 1) general office use was limited to 40% of a project's floor area;
- 2) the minimum life science use was increased to 40%;
- a hospital's accessory uses were excluded from the floor area required to have a minimum percentage of life science uses;
- 4) non-life science educational facilities and life sciences uses exceeding 50% of the floor area were excluded from the requirement to purchase BLTs; and
- 5) require life sciences uses between 40% and 50% of a project's floor area to purchase BLT easements at half the rate required for other uses.

The Council believed that Life Science uses should be more significant in the zone and that development beyond the minimum amount of life science use should have a reduced requirement for the purchase of BLT easements.

For these reasons, and because to approve this amendment will assist in the coordinated, comprehensive, adjusted and systematic development of the Maryland-Washington Regional District located in Montgomery County, Zoning Text Amendment No. 09-07 will be approved as amended.

ORDINANCE

The County Council for Montgomery County, Maryland, sitting as the District Council for that portion of the Maryland-Washington Regional District in Montgomery County, Maryland, approves the following ordinance:

1 Sec. 1. DIVISION 59-A-2. is amended as follows:

- 2 Sec. 59-A-2.1. Definitions.
- 3 In this Chapter, the following words and phrases have the meanings indicated:
- 4 * * *
- 5 High technology: Activities that require scientific equipment, advanced
- 6 engineering techniques, or computers; it includes electronics, information
- 7 technology, optics, nanotechnology, robotics, renewable energy development,
- 8 <u>telecommunications</u>, and biomedical research.
- 9 * * *
- 10 Life Sciences: Research, development, and manufacturing activities
- 11 concerning one or more of the following scientific fields: biology, biophysics,
- 12 biochemistry, bioelectronics, biotechnology, biomedical engineering,
- 13 bioinformatics, medicine, immunology, embryology, clinical engineering,
- 14 diagnostics, therapeutics, nutriceuticals, pharmacogenomics, drug production,
- 15 genetic testing, or gene therapy activities. For a business, institution, or
- 16 government agency conducting such activities in a Life Sciences Center, life
- sciences also includes related activities and supporting services, such as
- 18 administrative offices, educational facilities, libraries, data services,
- 19 nanotechnology, informational technology, and robotics.
- 20 * * *
- 21 Research, development and related activities: Study, research, and
- 22 experimentation in one or more scientific fields such as <u>life sciences</u>, [[or]]
- 23 biomedical research, communications, chemistry, computer science, electronics,
- 24 medicine, and physics. Research and development also includes the development

of prototypes and the marketing of resultant products. Related activities include 25 the manufacturing, mixing, fermentation, treatment, assembly, packaging, and 26 servicing of products. Supporting services such as administrative offices, 27 educational facilities, libraries, and data services are other examples of related 28 activities. 29 30 31 Sec. 2. DIVISION 59-C-5. is amended as follows: Sec. 59-C-5.2. Land uses. 32 33 59-C-5.21. Allowable uses. 34 No use is allowed except as indicated in the following table: 35 -Permitted Uses. Uses designated by the letter "P" and uses of a 36 37 similar character[,] are permitted on any lot in the zones indicated, subject to all applicable regulations. 38 -Special Exception Uses. Uses designated by the letters "SE" may be 39

	I-1	I-2	I-3	I-4	R&D	LSC[[*]]
(a) Residential.						
Accessory residential unit.38				P		
<u>Dormitories</u>						<u>P</u>
Dwellings.	SE		SE	SE		Р

of under Article 59-G.

40

41

42

authorized as special exceptions[, in accordance with the provisions

Dwellings, for caretakers or watchkeepers and their families or for bona fide agricultural operations.

P
P
P
P
P
P

-	I-1	I-2	I-3	I-4	R&D	LSC[[*]]
Hotel or motel. 1	SE		SE			<u>P</u>
(b) Manufacturing and industrial.						
I. Uses of a light industrial nature.						
Bakery.	P	P		P		
Blacksmith shops, welding shops, ornamental iron works, and machinery shops, excluding drop hammers and punch presses over 20 tons rated capacity.	P	P	P	P	P	
Bottling plants.	P	P		P		
Confectionery production.	P	P		P		
Contractors, storage yards.	P	P		·		
Dry cleaning and laundry plant.	P	P		P		
Electroplating and manufacturing of small parts such as coils, condensers, transformers, and crystal holders.	P	P	P	P	P	
Food production, packaging, packing and canning of.	P	P		P		
Fuel storage yards.	P	P				
Ice manufacturing and storage.	P	P		P		
Life sciences.					<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
Manufacturing of light sheet metal products.	P	P	P	P	P	
Manufacturing, compounding, assembling or treatment of articles from the following previously prepared materials: bone, cellophane, plastic, canvas, cloth, cork, feathers, felt, fiber, fur, hair, horn, leather, textiles, yarns, glass, precious or semi-precious metals or stones, and tobacco.	P	P		P		
Manufacturing, compounding, processing or packaging of cosmetics, drugs, perfumes, pharmaceuticals, toiletries and products resulting from biotechnical and biogenetic research and development.	P		P	P	P	[P] <u>P</u>
Manufacturing, fabrication and/or subassembly of aircraft or satellite parts, components, and equipment.	P		P	P	P	
Manufacturing of musical instruments, toys, novelties, and rubber and metal stamps.	P		P	P		
Manufacturing of paint not employing a boiling or rendering process.	P	P		P		
Manufacturing of pottery and figurines or other products using previously pulverized clay and kilns fired only by electricity or gas.	P	P		P		
Manufacturing and assembly of electronic components, instruments and devices.	P		P	P	P	
Manufacturing and assembly of machine parts, components and equipment.	P	P		P		

	I-1	I-2	I-3	I-4	R&D	LSC[[<u>*</u>]]
Manufacturing and assembly of medical, scientific, or technical instruments, devices, and equipment.	P		P	P	P	[P] <u>P</u>
Manufacturing and assembly of mobile, modular, and manufactured homes.	P	P		P		
Manufacturing and assembly of semi-conductors, microchips, circuits, and circuit boards.	P		P	P	P	
Manufacturing of yeasts, molds, and other natural products necessary for medical and biotechnical research and development.	P		P	P	P	[P] <u>P</u>
Paper products manufacturing.	P	P		P		
Printing and publishing.	P		P	P	P	
Research, development, and related activities.	P		P	P	P	[P] <u>P</u>
Sawmills.	P	P				
Sign making shop.	P	P		P		
Stoneworks.	P	P				
Tinsmith and roofing services.	P	P		P		
Wood products manufacturing.	P	P		P		
II. Uses of a heavy industrial nature.						
Alcoholic beverage manufacturing.	SE	P				
Automobile recycling facility.		P				
Distillation of coal, tar, or wood,		P				
Central mixing plants for asphalt, concrete, or other paving materials.		P				
Chemicals, except sulfuric, nitric, hydrochloric acid or other corrosive or offensive chemicals.		P				
Dye works.		P				
Fertilizer mixing plants.		SE				
Foundries or metal fabrication plants.		P				
Incinerators.6		SE ²⁷				
Manufacturing of brick, clay, terra cotta, and tile.		P				
Manufacturing of cinder blocks.		P				
Manufacturing of printing inks.		P				
Manufacturing of synthetic fabrics such as rayon.		P				
Manufacturing of cloth made from shoddy or other similar material.		P				
Off-loading and transfer sites for storage of sand, gravel, or rocks.	P ⁷	P		Р7		

	I-1	I-2	1-3	I-4	R&D	LSC[[<u>*</u>]]
Recycling facility.	p30	P		P30		
Rock crusher, washing and screening plants.		P				
Sanitary landfills. ⁶		SE ²⁷				
Starch, glucose, and dextrin.		P				
Steam power plants.		P				
Stove polish.		P				
Sugar refineries.		P				
(c) Transportation, communication, and utilities.						
Amateur radio facility.	P ³⁵ / SE	p35/ SE	P ³⁵ / SE	p35/ SE	P ³⁵ / SE	[P ³⁵ /SE] P ³⁵ /SE
Cable communications system. ⁵	SE	SE	SE	SE	SE	[SE]P
Electric power transmission and distribution lines, overhead, carrying more than 69,000 volts.	P	P	SE	SE	SE	[P] <u>P</u>
Electric power transmission and distribution lines, overhead, carrying 69,000 volts or less.	P	P	P	P		
Electric power transmission and distribution lines, underground.	P	P	P	P	P	[P] <u>P</u>
Heliports.	SE	SE	SE	SE	SE	[SE] <u>SE</u>
Helistops.	SE	SE	SE	SE	SE	[SE] P'/SE
Parking of motor vehicle, off-street, in connection with any use permitted.	p2	p ³	P	P	P	[P] <u>P</u>
Parking of motor vehicle, off-street, in connection with any use permitted in a commercial zone.	SE					
Pipelines, aboveground.	P	P	SE	SE	SE	[SE] <u>P</u>
Pipelines, underground.	P	P	P	P	P	[P] <u>P</u>
Public utility buildings and structures.	SE	SE	SE	SE	SE	[SE] <u>P</u>
Radio and television broadcasting stations and towers.	P ³³ / SE	P	P ³³ / SE	P ³³ / SE	P ³³ / SE	[P ³³ / SE] P ³³
Railroad tracks.	P	P	P	P	P	[P] <u>P</u>
Railroad yards or roundhouses.		P	1			
Rooftop mounted antennas and related unmanned equipment building, equipment cabinets, or equipment room. ²⁶	P	P	P	P	P	[P] <u>P</u>
Solid waste transfer station, private. ⁶		SE ²⁷				
Taxicab stands, not including storage while not in use.						<u>P</u>

	I-1	1-2	1-3	I-4	R&D	LSC[[*]]
Telecommunications facility. ⁴	P	P	P	P	P	[P] <u>P</u>
Telephone and telegraph lines.	P	P	P	P	P	[P] <u>P</u>
Telephone offices, communication and telecommunication centers.	P		P	P	P	[P] <u>P</u>
Trucking terminals.	P			P		
(d) Commercial.						
Adult entertainment business. ²²	Ρ.	P				
Aircraft parts, sales and services, including the sale of fuel for aircraft only.	P			P		
Animal research service facilities.						[P] <u>P</u>
Antique shops, handicrafts or art sales.						<u>P</u>
Appliance stores.						<u>P</u>
Automobile parts, sales and services, including but not limited to tire sales and transmission services, but excluding automobile filling stations.	P			P		
Automobile repair and services.	P			P		
Automobile sales, indoors and outdoors.	P8			P8		
Book stores.						<u>P</u>
Building material and supply, wholesale and retail. ²⁰	P	P		P	p37	
Cafeteria, dining room, snack bar, or other such facilities as an accessory use in connection with the operation and primarily for employees of the zone in which the use is located. ⁹	P	P	P	P	P	[p29] <u>p</u>
Consignment store.		P31				
Drug store.						<u>P</u>
Eating and drinking establishments.9,10	SE		SE	SE	SE	[SE] P
Florist.						<u>P</u>
Food and beverage store.						<u>P</u>
Garden supply shops.						<u>P</u>
Gift shops.						<u>P</u>
Grocery stores.						<u>P</u>
Hardware stores.						<u>P</u>
Jewelry stores.						<u>P</u>
Lumberyards.	P	P		P		
Newsstand.						<u>P</u>

	I-1	I-2	I-3	I-4	R&D	LSC[[<u>*</u>]]
Office supply store.						<u>P</u>
Pet shops.						<u>P</u>
Photographic and art supply stores.						<u>P</u>
Retail sales and personal services, dealing primarily with employees in the zone, in accordance with section 59-C-5.23.	P		P	P	P	[P ²⁹]
Transitory use. ²⁵	P/SE	P/SE	P/SE	P/SE	P/SE	[P/SE]
Variety and dry goods stores.						<u>P</u>
Wholesale trades limited to sale or rental of products intended for industrial or commercial users.	P		p36	P		
(e) Services.						
Ambulance or rescue squads, publicly supported.	P		P	P	P	[P] <u>P</u>
Animal boarding places. 11	P			P		
Automobile filling stations. ²¹	SE	SE ¹⁴		SE		<u>SE</u>
Automobile repair and services.	P			P		<u>SE</u>
Automobile, truck, and trailer rentals, outdoor.	P			P		
Banks and financial institutions.						<u>P</u>
Barber or beauty shop.						<u>P</u>
Chancery.	SE		P ²⁴			
Child day care facility. ²⁸						
-Family day care home.	P		P	P	P	[P] <u>P</u>
-Group day care home.	P		P	P	P	[P] <u>P</u>
-Child day care center.	P		P	P	P	[P] <u>P</u>
Clinics, medical or dental.	P		P	P	P	[P] <u>P</u>
Computer programming and software sales and services, including data banks and data retrieval.	P		P	P	P	<u>P</u>
Conference centers:						
-With lodging facilities.			SE		SE	<u>P</u>
-Without lodging facilities.			P		P	[P] <u>P</u>
Corporate, administrative or business offices for companies principally engaged in health services, research and development, or high technology industrial activities.					P	[P] <u>P</u>
Day care facility for senior adults and persons with disabilities.	P		P	P	P	[P] <u>P</u>
Domiciliary care home for more than 16 residents.						<u>P</u>

	I-1	I-2	I-3	I-4	R&D	LSC[[*]]
Dry cleaning and laundry establishments consisting of no more than 3,000 square feet of gross floor area.						<u>P</u>
Dry cleaning and laundry pick-up station.						<u>P</u>
Duplicating service.	P		P	P	P	[P ²⁹] <u>P</u>
Educational institution, private.	P ³⁴					<u>P</u>
Fire station, publicly supported.	P		P	P	P	[P] <u>P</u>
General offices.	P	P12	P	SE	p13	[P ¹³] <u>P¹³</u>
Highway fuel and food service.	SE					<u>SE</u>
Home occupation, major.						<u>SE</u>
Home occupation, registered and no impact.						<u>P</u>
Hospitals.	SE		SE	SE	SE	[P] <u>P</u>
Hospitals, veterinary, when in a soundproof building.	P			P		<u>P</u>
International organization, public.	SE		P ²⁴		P ²⁴	[P] <u>P</u>
Laboratories.	P		P	P	P	[P] <u>P</u>
Landscape contractor.	P					
Laundromat, self-service.						<u>P</u>
Meeting centers.	SE					
Nursing and care homes.						[P] <u>P</u>
Place of religious worship.	P		P	P	P	[P] <u>P</u>
Physical and occupational therapy facilities.						[P] <u>P</u>
Publicly owned or publicly operated uses.	P	P	P	P	P	[P] <u>P</u>
Shoe repair shop.						<u>P</u>
Storage, outdoor. 15	P	P		P		
Trade, artistic, or technical schools.	P		p19	P	P19	[P ¹⁹] <u>P</u>
Universities and colleges providing teaching and research facilities.	p32		P		P	[P] <u>P</u>
Warehousing and storage services:						
-Industrial and commercial users.	P	P	P16	P		
-Self-storage facilities.	P			P		
(f) Cultural, entertainment, and recreational.						
Art or cultural centers.			SE		SE	[SE] <u>P</u>
Health clubs.	P		P	P	P	[P] <u>P</u>
Libraries, scientific or technical.	P		P	P	P	[P] <u>P</u>
Parks and playgrounds, publicly owned.						<u>P</u>

	I-1	I-2	I-3	I-4	R&D	LSC[[*]]
Parks and playgrounds, privately owned.						<u>P</u>
Private clubs. 17	SE		SE	SE	SE	<u>P</u>
Recreational facilities primarily for the use of employees. 17	P	P	P	P	P	[P ²⁹] <u>P</u>
Recreational or entertainment establishments, commercial.	SE	SE		SE		<u>SE</u>
Rifle or pistol ranges, indoor.	SE	SE		SE		
Service organizations.	SE			SE		<u>P</u>
Swimming pools, private.			P18			
(g) Resource production and extraction.						
Agricultural uses.	P	P		P		
Dairy products processing.	P			P		
Rock or stone quarries.		P				
Sand, gravel, or clay pits.		P				
Stockyards.	SE	SE				
(h) Miscellaneous uses.						
Accessory buildings and uses.	P	P	P	P	P	[P] <u>P</u>
Signs, in accordance with the provisions of article 59-F.	P	P	P	P	P	[P] <u>P</u>

43 * * *

- In the I-1 and I-3 zones, [[On]] on a lot [[which]] that is a part of or adjacent to an area of at least 50 acres [[which is]] zoned industrial or shown for industrial use on an approved and adopted master plan.
- When located in [[an industrially zoned]] the I-1, I-2, I-3, I-4, and R&D

 zones, the use must be located in an area containing more than 10 acres of

 land. Such facilities may be freestanding, and may be located on an internal

 business district street, but shall not adjoin any street or highway [[which]]

 that provides access to the industrial area.

52	13	In the R&D [[and LSC zones]] <u>zone</u> , no more than 50 percent of the
53		gross floor area may be [[utilized]] for general office use. In the LSC
54		zone, no more than 40 percent of the gross floor area may be for general
55		office use.
56	17	When located in the I-1, I-2, I-3, I-4 and R&D zones, the use must [[Must]]
57		not adjoin any street [[which]] that provides the principal access to the
58		principal use or uses served.
59	[29	In accordance with Section 59-C-5.23; and also operated for the convenience
60		of hospital and clinic users.]
61	33	A radio and television broadcasting station without a broadcast tower is a
62		permitted use. <u>In the LSC zone, a radio and television broadcast tower is a</u>
63		permitted use, up to a height of 199 feet and a setback of one foot for every
64		foot of height from all residential and agricultural zoned properties.
65	*	If located on the site of a hospital.
66	* *	k *
67	[[*	Allowable uses in the LSC Zone are listed in Section 59-C-5.211.]]
68		
69		[[59-C-5.211. Allowable uses in the LSC Zone.
70		The following uses are permitted in the LSC Zone:
71		(1) health care services;
72		(2) domiciliary care homes;
73		(3) research, development, and related activities;

74 75 76			<u>(4)</u>	Corporate, administrative, or business offices for companies principally engaged in health services, research and development, or high technology industrial activities;
77			<u>(5)</u>	private educational institutions;
78 79 80			<u>(6)</u>	general offices limited to no more than 50% of the gross floor area of the buildings on a lot or group of contiguous lots in common ownership and control at the time of subdivision approval;
81			<u>(7)</u>	conference centers;
82			<u>(8)</u>	hotels, motels, and inns;
83			<u>(9)</u>	dwellings and dormitories;
84 85			<u>(10)</u>	housing and related facilities for senior adults or persons with disabilities;
86			<u>(11)</u>	adult and child day care;
87			<u>(12)</u>	food services, excluding drive-in restaurants;
88			<u>(13)</u>	retail trade and personal services;
89			<u>(14)</u>	cultural, entertainment, and recreation;
90			<u>(15)</u>	communications facilities or structures;
91			<u>(16)</u>	publicly owned or operated uses;
92			<u>(17)</u>	transportation facilities or structures;
93			<u>(18)</u>	utilities;
94			<u>(19)</u>	accessory buildings and uses; and
95			<u>(20)</u>	signs in accordance with the provisions of Article 59-F.]]
96	*	*	*	

59-C-5.23. Retail sales and personal services.

98 <u>In the I-1, I-2, I-3, I-4, and R&D zones, [Retail] retail</u> sales and personal services

- operating primarily for the convenience of employees [of Industrial zones] are
- permitted uses subject to the following limitations:
- 101 (a) Such use must not be located in an industrially zoned area containing less
- than [ten] <u>10</u> contiguous acres of land classified in industrial zones.
- 103 (b) Such use must not occupy more than 5 percent of the total floor area of the
- buildings on a lot or group of contiguous lots in common ownership and
- control at the time of subdivision approval.
- 106 (c) Such use must not front on or abut any street with a right-of-way of 70 feet
- or more, unless the street is internal to the industrially zoned area. Such use,
- however, must not front on or abut any street with an existing or master
- planned right-of-way of 100 feet or more. All access to such use must be
- from interior streets within the industrially zoned area.
- 111 (d) The display of a sign must [comply with the requirements established in]
- satisfy Article 59-F [of this chapter].
- 113 (e) In the I-3 and R&D zones, such use may be located within any building as
- [a] an incidental use [in accordance with] under the following requirements:
- 115 (1) Such incidental use must not be located above the first floor;
- 116 (2) Such incidental use must satisfy [the requirements of] subsections (a),
- 117 (b), and (d)[,] above.

- 118 The provisions of this section shall not apply to any land or building lawfully
- existing, under construction, or for which a building permit has been issued [prior
- 120 to] before August 19, 1987.
- 121 * * *
- 122 Sec. 59-C-5.3. Development standards.

	I-1	I-2	I-3	I-4	R&D	LSC
59-C-5.31 Building height.						
No building shall exceed the following height limits:						
(a) Normally:						
-In stories	3	5		3		
-In feet	42	70	100	42	50	[100] [[150*]1200
(b) In the I-1 zone, this height may be increased [in accordance with the requirements of section] <u>under Section</u> 59-C-5.41.						
59-C-5.32. Coverage limitations. (Percent of gross tract area)						
-Minimum green [Green] area [shall be provided for not less than]	10	10	35	203	30	[25]
- Minimum public use space in the LSC zone; however, such space may be provided in part or entirely off-site on a separate lot or parcel in the same zone. A payment instead of all or some of the required public use space may be made at the time of site plan review, if approved under the applicable provisions of Section 59-D-2.31.						20
-Off-street parking is not allowed to occupy more than			451			
59-C-5.321. Maximum density of development. ² The maximum density of development must not exceed the following floor area ratio, which is to be based on and may be averaged over the gross tract area.					0.30	

	I-1	I-2	1-3	I-4	R&D	LSC
In the I-3 and LSC zones, the maximum density of development must not exceed the following floor area ratio, based on gross tract area, which may be averaged over 2 or more lots created by the same subdivision plan if the density is recorded by covenant in the land records for all affected lots. When averaging is used for previously approved subdivision plans, the total development density must not exceed the density for which Facility approval was previously granted, unless a new Adequate Public Facility test is applied. In such situations, the shift of density must be recorded in the land records for all affected lots. [Adequate Public Facility approval was previously granted, unless a new Adequate Public Facility test is applied. In such situations, the shift of density must be recorded in the land records for all affected lots.]			0.50			[0.30]2.0**
In the LSC Zone, if an applicant for a preliminary plan or site plan; [[the property is under common ownership or control,]] 1) owns more that one tract of land; or 2) owns a tract of land, controls the total gross floor area on another tract of land not owned by the applicant, and the density transfer is consistent with the applicable master or sector plan's recommendations, the floor area ratio in one portion of the gross tract area [[of the property]] may exceed the maximum floor area ratio of the zone only if the floor area ratio for the total tract area does not exceed the maximum floor area ratio.						
The [[densities]] maximum floor area for [[all portions of the property]] each lot and parcel comprising the subject tracts must be shown in documents, including an easement and appropriate releases, in a recordable form approved by the Planning Board. [[a covenant that is recorded in the land records and that covers the total tract area of the property]]. The Planning Board must determine compliance with the densities shown in the [[covenant]] documents when a site plan application is before it. The documents must be recorded in the land records before a building permit is approved. In the LSC zone, [[12.5% of]] any density above a floor area ratio of 0.50 must be supported through the purchase of a BLT easement under Section 59-C-5.473.						
In the I-3 zone, the maximum density may be increased up to a maximum floor area ratio of 0.60, provided that the applicant for development obtains approval of a traffic mitigation agreement at the time of site plan review[,] that will result in traffic generation equal to or less than a project with a floor area ratio of 0.50.						
In the LSC zone, the maximum density may be increased to a maximum floor area ratio of 0.50 provided the applicant for development obtains approval of a traffic mitigation agreement in accordance with Section 59-C-5.475.]						
59-C-5.322. Requirement for landscape plan. In the R&D zone, the preliminary plan of subdivision must include a landscape plan and a plan for the preservation of natural features.						

124	1	In unusual circumstances, may be waived by the [planning board] Planning
125		Board at the time of site plan approval upon a finding that a more
126		compatible arrangement of uses would result.
127	* :	* *
128	[[*	In approving height limits, the Planning Board must consider factors such
129		as: the size of the lot or parcel; the relationship of existing and proposed
130		buildings and structures to surrounding uses; and the need to preserve light
131		and air for the occupants of the development and occupants of surrounding
132		properties.]]
133		** [In approving the densities, the Planning Board must consider the
134		size of the parcel and the relationship of the existing and proposed buildings
135		and structures to surrounding uses.]]
136		Non-residential uses. In order to maintain an appropriate emphasis on
137		the purpose of the LSC Zone, the following minimum and maximum
138		percentages of the total non-residential gross floor area proposed in a
139		concept plan, preliminary plan, or site plan are required for tracts under
140		common ownership larger than 5 acres:
141		Life sciences – 40 percent minimum of the gross floor area
142		proposed; the proposed gross floor area used for the purpose of
143		calculating the minimum percentage of life science uses excludes: (1)
144		hospitals and the hospital's accessory uses; and (2) educational facilities.
145		All retail uses – 10 percent maximum of the gross floor area

146	proposed; however, if the Planning Board finds that unique
147	circumstances are present and the area would be enhanced by
148	additional retail activity, then a maximum of 15 percent of the gross
149	floor area proposed may be used for retail purposes.
150	Residential uses - The maximum residential density, excluding
151	dormitories, must not exceed 30 percent of the permitted FAR.
152	* * *
153	Sec. 59-C-5.4. Special regulations.
154	* * *
155	59-C-5.47. Special regulations LSC zone.
156	59-C-5.471. Purpose.
157	[A life sciences center (LSC) is a major research and development park for
158	facilities of companies specializing in the life sciences and related fields, at a
159	location as recommended in a master or sector plan.]
160	[(a) The goals of an LSC are:
161	(1) To provide a unique reinforcing focus for the life sciences
162	industry to promote the successful expansion of the industry in
163	Montgomery County;
164	(2) To expand the educational and research resources available for
165	Montgomery County residents, employers and work force; and

166		(3)	A life sciences center may serve the health care needs of the
167			region.]
168	[(b)	It is t	he intent that LSC's be developed in a manner which makes a
169		positi	ive contribution to the quality of life in the County. The
170		facili	ties, landscaping and open space will create an attractive setting
171		and e	environment conducive to high technology research,
172		devel	lopment, production and related uses. The purposes of the life
173		scien	ces center zone are as follows:
174		(1)	To promote the development of life science research parks
175			which reflect the highest architectural and environmental
176			standards; to preserve the confidence of corporate users and the
177			surrounding community that future development will be of
178			consistently high quality and to protect and enhance the
179			economic and environmental values of the life sciences center.
180		(2)	To assure that all buildings are compatible with each other and
181			with their surroundings in terms of exterior design, massing and
182			scale, and type and quality of construction.
183		(3)	To promote clustering of buildings to encourage and facilitate
184			pedestrian use of open space and common areas and shared
185			facilities.

(4) To assure the provision of green areas and promote the use of 186 green areas to enhance the appearance of the facilities and the 187 quality of the work environment.] 188 The primary purpose of the Life Sciences Center (LSC) Zone is to promote 189 190 research, academic, and clinical facilities that advance the life sciences, health care services, and applied technologies. It is also the purpose of the 191 LSC Zone to provide opportunities for the development of uses that support 192 193 a Life Sciences Center while retaining an environment conducive to high technology research, development, and production. 194 59-C-5.472. Where applicable. No land [shall] may be classified in the 195 LSC zone, unless the land is within an area for which there is an approved 196 and adopted master or sector plan [which] that recommends [[life sciences 197 center]] Life Sciences Center development for the land [which] that is 198 subject to the application of the zone. Development under the LSC zone 199 200 must be [[substantially]] consistent with the recommendations of the applicable master or sector plan. 201 [59-C-5.473. Development standards. 202 203 (a) Building setbacks.

204		(1) Building setback from the rights-of-way of interior roads is 25
205		feet Building setback from the rights-of-way of perimeter roads
206		is 50 feet.
207		(2) Building setback from the right-of-way line at entry gateways is
208		50 feet.
209		(3) Building setback from an interior lot line is 20 feet.]
210	[(b)	Building height. Maximum building height is 100 feet, except 125
211		feet in the health services core of the Shady Grove Life Sciences
212		Center as defined in the 1986 Shady Grove Life Sciences Center
213		Development Plan, as amended.]
214	[(c)	Building coverage. Maximum building coverage is 25 percent of the
215		lot area except that increased coverage up to 50 percent may be
216		approved when the applicant proposes to construct structured or
217		underground parking.]
218	[(d)	Floor area ratio. The maximum floor area ratio may be increased to
219		0.50 if special trip reduction is implemented in accordance with the
220		guidelines in Section 59-C-5.475.]
221	[(e)	Green area. The minimum green area on the site is 25 percent of the
222		lot area. Roofs or below grade parking may be counted as green space
223		if developed for passive or recreational use.]

224		Park	ang setdacks.
225		(1)	Parking setback from rights-of-way is 50 feet.
226		(2)	Parking setback from an interior lot line is 15 feet. Where
227			internal connection between adjacent parking lots is planned,
228			total combined setback is eight (8) feet.
229		(3)	In the Shady Grove Life Sciences Center, parking setback from
230			the right-of-way line of Blackwell Road and the curb line of
231			access roadways and cul-de-sacs is 25 feet.]
232	[(g)	Park	ing design standards.
233		(1)	All parking areas must be effectively screened from adjacent
234			roadways and adjoining lots, through the use of berms,
235			plantings, or the depression of parking areas below surrounding
236			grades.
237		(2)	Parking areas should be broken up into lots of no more than 150
238			cars, the lots to be separated by landscaped islands.
239		(3)	The number of parking spaces provided, and the overall design
240			and layout of parking lots must be in accordance with Article
241			59-E.
242		(4)	No access to any lot is allowed directly from perimeter roads.]
243	[(h)	Site	design standards.

244		(1)	Buildings should be sited to provide primary visual orientation
245			to the internal road network. Care must be taken so that
246			exposure to roads surrounding the life sciences center do not
247			detract from the overall appearance of the facility or the life
248			sciences center.
249		(2)	Buildings should appear to be integrated into the natural terrain,
250			avoiding unnatural looking grading.
251		(3)	Service areas should not detract from the design of the facility.
252			All service areas should be effectively screened from adjoining
253			lots, pedestrian areas, and parking lots by incorporating them
254			into the building or by the use of walls, berms, level changes
255			and landscaping.
256		(4)	In the Shady Grove Life Sciences Center, pedestrian paths or
257			sidewalks must be provided in accordance with the 1986 Shady
258			Grove Life Sciences Center Development Plan, as amended.]
259	[(i)	Build	ding design standards.
260		(1)	All sides of the building are to be built with finish materials.
261		(2)	Recommended finish materials include:
262			(A) Architectural masonry units (excluding standard concrete
263			and cinder block);

264		(B) Natural stone;
265		(C) Precast concrete
266		(D) Aluminum and architectural metals
267		(E) Porcelain covered metal panels; and
268		(F) Glass
269	(3)	Mechanical equipment should be located within the building or
270		within a mechanical equipment penthouse. If mechanical
271		equipment is located on the roof or is free-standing on the site,
272		it must be effectively screened from view by means fully
273		compatible with the architecture. Mechanical equipment must
274		be screened from view from all roads and immediately adjacent
275		structures (existing or future) four stories in height or less.
276		Required flues or vents must be compatible in design with the
277		architecture and preferably incorporated into that design.
278	(4)	Outdoor storage must not be permitted except when effectively
279		screened within a court or a wall made of substantial materials
280		compatible with those of the building skin.
281	(5)	All trash containers, transformers, meters, telephone junction
282		boxes etc., must be integrated architecturally or effectively

283			screened with screen walls and/or landscaping materials.
284			Locations must be compatible with building and site design.
285		(6)	No temporary structures may be constructed or trailers located
286			within the LSC except for those approved by the Director to
287			service a construction project and only for the duration of the
288			construction.]
289	[(j)	Site li	ighting standards.
290		(1)	Site lighting must be provided to maintain a minimum level of
291			illumination within the parking areas (ft. candle minimum
292			maintained).
293		(2)	Maximum pole heights for drives and parking lots must be
294			approximately 24 feet with "cut off" type luminaries. Poles and
295			luminaries must be compatible with established lighting in the
296			existing core area.
297		(3)	Lighting bollards must be used adjacent to pedestrian walk
298			areas. The design must be compatible with architectural
299			materials.]
300	[59-0	C-5.474	. Landscaping guidelines.
301	(a)	Lands	scaping should be an integral part of the building design and
302		should	d provide effective screening and shade.

(b)	Every effort should be made to avoid formality in plantings except as
	it may be integral to an architectural concept. Emphasis should be
	placed on the natural grouping of groves of trees and every
	opportunity should be taken to emphasize or take advantage of natural
	terrain features.]

- [(c) Plants should be restricted to those with low maintenance requirements and which have already proven themselves hardy and easily cared for in this area.]
- [(d) To ensure year-round interest and beauty, a skeletal planting of evergreen trees and major shrubs of seasonal interest should be used in each project so that the design does not disintegrate at leaf-fall.]
- [(e) Native flowering trees should be planted in groves placed near areas of pedestrian use. Whenever possible, larger specimens should be selected in order to create an immediate effect at major points in the design. Smaller plantings may be used in peripheral areas.]

[59-C-5.475. Special trip reduction guidelines. Where the approved subdivision plan of the life sciences center allows a development density exceeding 0.3 FAR, it is the intent of the special trip reduction guidelines to achieve as a goal a reduction in auto trips for projects of 10 percent below the peak hour trip generation rates adopted by the Planning Board for the

administration of the Adequate Public Facilities Ordinance. To help achieve the trip reduction goal, design measures should be incorporated in the project to meet trip reduction objectives established in this section, as well as non-design measures for the purpose of reducing dependence on single-occupant automobiles. The Planning Board may establish a schedule for achieving the goal and time periods during which the trip reduction measures will be in effect. Any or all of the following trip reduction guidelines or other measures proposed by an applicant are to be considered as appropriate on a case-by-case basis taking into consideration specific circumstances of the project.]

[(a) Design guidelines.

- (1) Buildings clustered near internal streets to minimize walking distance to available transit and to promote an attractive, active and safe pedestrian-oriented streetscape, to accommodate bus service, carpooling and vanpooling within a project.
- (2) An uninterrupted pedestrian circulation system linking the various uses within a project. The pedestrian system should provide convenient connections to transit service and employee convenience services to reduce dependence on single-occupant automobiles and to promote an active streetscape.

343		(3)	If convenience services are provided, space on the ground floor
344			of a building for such services to reduce the need for private
345			vehicle trips during the day.]
346	[(b)	Non-	design guidelines.
347		(1)	Trip reduction programs such as limiting off-street parking after
348			consideration of market demand, flex time, the provision of or
349			participation in share-a-ride programs, transit/vanpool fare
350			discounts, bus shelters, emergency ride-home programs,
351			reserved HOV spaces, or other acceptable measures that may be
352			proposed; provided that a limitation on off-street parking below
353			the applicable standards of Article 59-E shall not be required in
354			order to achieve trip reduction goals.
355		(2)	Development phased in accordance with public or private
356			transit availability.]
357	[(c)	Impl	ementation.
358		(1)	The Planning Board may establish a schedule for achieving the
359			requirements and time periods during which the trip reduction
360			measures will be in effect. The Planning Board may also
361			require the applicant to enter into an agreement providing for

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the monitoring, enforcement, and other terms of the trip

reduction program. Provision must be made in the agreement 363 to allow for the inclusion of a maximum cost for the 364 implementation of substitute components of the trip reduction 365 measures in the event initial components do not achieve the 366 requirements. 367 Results of on-site trip reduction programs implemented by the (2) 368 applicant to satisfy other traffic mitigation conditions of 369 development approvals may be credited toward achieving the 370 trip reduction requirement. All traffic mitigation requirements 371 372 otherwise applicable remain in effect. The Planning Board may phase implementation of some or all of the trip reduction in 373 accordance with the build-out of the project and/or availability 374 of transmit so that the measures are feasible and effective, 375 except the Planning Board must not defer such implementation 376 for more than 10 years from the issuance of any use-and-377 occupancy permit for a building in the project.] 378 59-C-5.473. Special regulations for use of a Building Lot Termination (BLT) 379 Development Right. 380 Except for [[residential development subject to the requirement of]] the 381 (a) floor area restricted to: 382

383	<u>(1)</u>	workforce housing units under Section 59-C-5.474(b) [[and except
384		<u>for</u>]];
385	<u>(2)</u>	moderately priced dwelling units under Section 59-C-5.474(a);
386	<u>(3)</u>	[[health care services:]] hospitals, including the hospital's accessory
387		uses, other than medical office buildings;
388	<u>(4)</u>	educational facilities for non-life sciences; and
389	<u>(5)</u>	life sciences in excess of 50% of the project's floor area under Section
390		<u>59-C-5.321</u> .
391	[[(a) 12.5	percent of]] any floor area above an FAR of 0.50 must be supported
392	through the	purchase by the applicant of a BLT easement or through a contribution
393	to the Agri	cultural Land Preservation Fund, under Chapter 2B, for purchase of a
394	_	ent on real property to preserve agricultural land in the County. One
395		RDT zoned lot must be extinguished BLT easement must be
396	purchased f	for each [[9,000]] 72,000 gross square feet of residential [[space]] floor
397		each [[7,500]] 60,000 gross square feet of non-residential [[space]]
398		If the floor area of life science uses is greater than 40% but less than
399		Section 59-C-5.321, then one BLT easement must be purchased for
400	every 120,0	00 square feet of the Life Sciences uses.
401		applicant for development under the LSC zone cannot purchase an
402	easer	nent, or if the amount of density to be attributed to BLT easement is a
403	fracti	on of the applicable floor area equivalent, the Planning Board must
404	<u>requi</u>	re the applicant to pay the Agricultural Land Preservation Fund an
405	amou	ant set annually by Executive Regulation.

59-C-5.474 MPDUs and Workforce Housing.

(a) Moderately Priced Dwelling Units. If residential uses are included in a development, Moderately Priced Dwelling Units must be provided under Chapter 25A. The maximum residential FAR may be increased in proportion to any MPDU bonus density units provided on-site.

(b) Workforce Housing.

- (1) [[Notwithstanding Section 59-A-6.18 and Chapter 25B, this zone requires that any site plan containing residential units at a density of 20 dwelling units per acre or higher, or containing 100 dwelling units or more, include an amount of workforce housing units that is not less than 5 percent of the total number of proposed market rate dwellings, not including any MPDUs or resulting bonus density units, or dwelling units excluded under Chapter 25B.]] Workforce housing units are allowed at the option of the applicant under Chapter 25B.
 (2) To allow the construction of all workforce housing units on site, the Planning Board must permit:
 - (A) any residential density or residential FAR limit of the

 applicable zone to be exceeded to the extent required for the

 number of workforce housing units that are constructed, but not

426	<u>(B)</u>	any residential density or residential FAR limit established in a
427		master or sector plan to be exceeded to the extent required for
428		the number of workforce housing units that are constructed, but
429		not more than the maximum density and FAR of the zone,
430		except as provided in paragraph (2)(A); and
431	<u>(C)</u>	any building height limit established in a master or sector plan
432		to be exceeded to the extent required for the number of
433		workforce housing units that are constructed, but not more than
434		the maximum height of the zone.
435	<u>59-C-5.475.</u> <u>Park</u>	king. Off-street parking must satisfy Article 59-E.
436	59-C-5.476. Proc	edure for application and approval.

(a)

[The procedure for site plan approval in the LSC zone is set forth in] <u>Site</u> plan approval in the LSC Zone must satisfy Division 59-D-3. The site plan must be [[substantially]] consistent with the recommendations of the applicable master or sector plan, including general design principles recommended by the applicable master or sector plan and design guidelines adopted by the Planning Board to implement the applicable master or sector plan. As part of its site plan, the applicant must submit for approval comprehensive design standards that address building types and facades, except when the site plan is proposed for amendment through a limited plan amendment, a consent agenda amendment, or a Director level amendment. [[In addition to the site plan submission requirements, the applicant must submit for approval comprehensive design standards that address building

149		types	, <u>facades, ar</u>	nd architecture, except when the site plan is proposed for			
450		<u>amen</u>	dment throu	ugh a limited plan amendment, a consent agenda			
451		amen	dment, or a	Director level amendment. Site plans also must be			
452		subst	antially con	sistent with the general design principles recommended by			
453		the ar	the applicable master or sector plan and design guidelines adopted by the				
454		Planning Board to implement the applicable master or sector plan.]]					
455	(b)	For site plan or subdivision plan approvals before May 17, 2010, [The] the					
456		follov	ving regulat	tions apply [in the LSC zone]:			
457		(1)	In the Shao	dy Grove Life Sciences Center, except as provided below,			
458			an applica	nt for site plan or subdivision plan approval must comply			
459			with the re	equirements of the Amended and Restated Declaration of			
460			Covenants	and Easements dated March 9, 1990 and recorded May 25,			
461			1990 in Li	ber 9332 at folio 591, or as the Declaration may be later			
462			amended,	that governs the development of the Shady Grove Life			
463			Sciences C	Center. Any project that receives site plan or subdivision			
164			plan appro	oval on property identified as University Sites in the 1995			
465			Shady Gro	eve Life Sciences Center Development Plan is not required			
166			to comply	with the Declaration.			
467		(2)	Properties	within the Shady Grove Life Sciences Center, except as			
168			provided b	pelow, are subject to the provisions of:			
169			(A)[[.]]	an approved subdivision plan, which may restrict the			
170			max	imum density allowed[[,]]; and			

(B)[[.]] 471 the 1986 Shady Grove Life Sciences Center Development Plan, as amended. This subparagraph does not 472 apply to any project on the property identified as the University 473 Sites in the 1995 Shady Grove Life Sciences Development 474 475 Plan. Any application of the 1986 Shady Grove Life Sciences Center Development Plan to such University Sites arises by 476 private agreement only. 477 Any proposed development shown on a site plan or plan of 478 (3) development approved prior to June 11, 1996 may be constructed in 479 accordance with the approved plan, regardless of whether said 480 481 development is built in one or more phases. Such development is not subject to the provisions of Section 59-G-4.1 and 59-G-4.25, and may 482 be continued, repaired, reconstructed, or structurally altered in 483 accordance with the approved site plan or plan of development. In 484 485 cases where detailed review of subsequent phases of an approved plan is anticipated, such reviews will continue to be required under the 486 provisions of Division 59-D-3. 487 59-C-5.477. Existing approved buildings, building permits, or uses. 488 489 (a) Any existing building or structure for which a lawful building permit was issued, and any lawful use [[which]] that was instituted on property within

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the Shady Grove Life Sciences Center and subject to the provisions of the 1986 Shady Grove Life Sciences Center Development Plan, as amended, prior to a sectional zoning map amendment approved on June 11, 1996, where such lot was rezoned to the [[life sciences center]] Life Sciences Center zone by sectional or local map amendment, will not be regarded as a non-conforming use. Such building or use may be structurally altered, replaced, or repaired, or may be changed in conformance with the requirements of the previous lease agreement or memorandum of understanding with the County entered into prior to June 30, 1984, so long as it remains an otherwise lawful use. Properties [[which]] that are subject to a lease agreement or memorandum of understanding with the County entered into prior to June 30, 1984 may be developed [in accordance with] under agreements and procedures applicable prior to June 11, 1996. Any lawful uses or [[development which]] developments that were approved in a plan of development approved by the District Council may be instituted on the Shady Grove Life Sciences Center properties. Construction underway in the Shady Grove Life Sciences Center [pursuant to] under a building permit validly issued and existing at the time of

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(b)

reclassification to the [life sciences center] Life Sciences Center zone [shall

510 be are permitted, and buildings and structures so constructed [shall] must 511 not be considered nonconforming. Any lawful structure, building, or use that existed for which a building 512 (c) permit was issued before the date the LSC zone was applied to the property 513 is a conforming structure or use and may be continued, structurally altered, 514 515 repaired, renovated, or enlarged up to 10 percent of the gross building floor area. However, any enlargement of the building that is more than 10 percent 516 of the gross floor area, or construction of a new building, must comply with 517 the new standards of the LSC zone. 518 Any preliminary plan or site plan approved before the date the LSC zone 519 (d) 520 was applied to the property remains valid, and construction may proceed subject to applicable approvals. A preliminary plan approved before the 521 date the LSC zone was applied to the property may be amended under the 522 523 standards of the previous zone or under the LSC zone standards. (e) When a lot or parcel is located in the LSC zone on May 17, 2010, any 524 approved preliminary plan or site plan in effect remains valid, and 525 526 construction may proceed subject to applicable approvals under the previous standards of the LSC zone. At the option of the applicant, the preliminary 527 528 plan or site plan may be amended, or necessary site plans for implementation may be submitted, under the previous standards of the zone or the standards 529 that exist at the time of filing. Any building or use constructed under the 530 previous standards of the LSC zone under 59-C-5.477(e) is a conforming 531

532		structure or use and may be continued, structurally altered, reconstructed,
533		repaired, renovated, or enlarged under the previous standards of the LSC
534		zone.
535	<u>(f)</u>	Any lawful structure, building, or use that was constructed or instituted on a
536		lot or parcel zoned LSC before May 17, 2010, which is not subject to
537		Section 59-C-5.477(a), is conforming and may be continued, structurally
538		altered, reconstructed, repaired, renovated, or enlarged under the previous
539		standards of the LSC zone.
540	[<u>[59</u> -	C-5.478.Definitions.
541	In the	e Life Sciences Center zone, the following words and phrases have the
542	mear	nings indicated:
543	<u>Cult</u>	ural, entertainment, and recreation: Establishments that operate facilities or
544	provi	ide services to meet cultural, entertainment, and recreational interests of their
545	patro	ons. Such establishments include art/cultural centers, health clubs, libraries,
546	priva	te clubs, and theaters.
547	Com	munications facilities or structures: Facilities or structures that support or
548	facili	tate communications by radio, television, or telephone. Such facilities or
549	struc	tures include amateur radio facility, cable communications system, radio and
550	telev	ision broadcasting studio, radio and television stations, telephone office or
551	comr	nunications center, and rooftop mounted antennas and related equipment.

552 Food services: Establishments that prepare meals, snacks, and beverages for human consumption. Such establishments include restaurants, cafes, and coffee 553 554 shops. Health care services: Establishments providing health care by trained 555 professionals. These establishments include hospitals, hospice care facilities, life 556 care facilities, nursing homes, medical clinics, physical therapy facilities, and 557 occupational therapy facilities. 558 Personal services: Establishments that provide services to individuals, 559 households, and businesses. These establishments include self-service 560 laundromats, dry cleaning and laundry establishments of no more than 3,000 561 square feet of gross floor area, dry cleaning and laundry pick-up stations, beauty 562 and barber shops, shoe repair, photo studios and photo finishing services, data 563 services, appliance repair shops, duplicating services, tailor or dress making shops, 564 and pet grooming services. 565 Retail trade: Establishments engaged in selling merchandise to the general public 566 and services incidental to the sale of merchandise. These establishments include 567 568 grocery stores, pharmacies, automobile filling stations, electronic and appliance 569 stores, office supply stores, computer and software stores, hardware stores, and 570 clothing stores.

571	Transportation facilities or structures: Facilities or structures that support or
572	facilitate transportation of people. Such facilities or structures include bus
573	terminals, bus stops, transit stations, transit stops, taxi stands, heliports, helistops,
574	and off-street parking of motor vehicles, in connection with any use permitted.
575	Utilities: Buildings and structures that provide services such as telephone, electric
576	power, natural gas, water, and sewage removal.]]
577	
578	Sec. 3. Effective date. This ordinance becomes effective 20 days after the date of
79	Council adoption.
80	
81	This is a correct copy of Council action.
82	\mathcal{O} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}
883	Landa M. Laner
84	Linda M. Lauer, Clerk of the Council